

How to KEEP YOURSELF and others safe...

Important things you should always remember:

- ✓ You need to ensure that you stay safe online as there are many potential hazards online.
- ✓ Never let someone persuade you to do something that you feel uncomfortable with or do not want to do.
- ✓ Put a number in your phone of someone you trust.
- ✓ Make sure that you learn this number in case your phone dies.
- ✓ Always have awareness of your human rights.
- ✓ Remove yourself from a situation you don't feel comfortable in.
- ✓ You should always know what abuse is.

What to do if someone hurts you?

- ☺ Make sure to always tell someone when someone has hurt you for example, friends, family, a teacher or a carer.
- ☺ When someone hurts you, you need to realise that **it is not your fault.**
- ☺ You should never keep it a secret.
- ☺ Learn to say **NO.**

Here are some important people and numbers you need to remember!

Ms Jan Godfrey
Safeguarding Manager
&
Designated Liaison Person:
MOB: 00353 (0)87 7747717
Office: 00353 (0)90 9645202
Email:
safeguardingwestprov@gmail.com



Garda National Protective Services Bureau
Harcourt Square, Dublin 2.
Tel: 00353 1 6663423

Local Garda station

TUSLA – Child and Family Agency.
National Office Tel: 00353 1 8976888

Safeguarding Young People

Designed and Compiled
by Young People



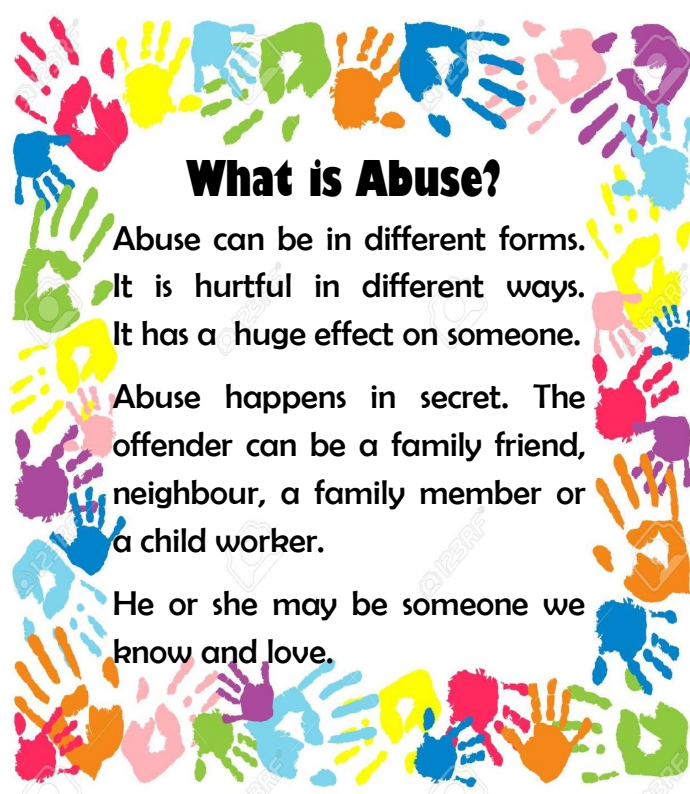
What is a safeguarding policy?

The aims and objectives of a safeguarding policy is to help keep you safe and free from harm.

It is to ensure that all people working with young people have certified child protection training.

It is to ensure that all young people are growing up in a friendly and safe environment.

In 2014 there was 43,630 child welfare & protection referrals received by social workers (Tusla 2015)



What is Abuse?

Abuse can be in different forms.
It is hurtful in different ways.
It has a huge effect on someone.

Abuse happens in secret. The offender can be a family friend, neighbour, a family member or a child worker.

He or she may be someone we know and love.

Some of the facts:

- ☺ 82.2% of child abuse offenders are found to be between the ages of 18-44.
- ☺ 90% of child sexual abuse victims know the offender in some way. 68% are abused by a family member.



Source:
<https://www.dosomething.org/facts/11-facts-about-child-abuse>

Types of Abuse...

Physical

Shaking, beating, burning, failure to provide the necessitates of life. It can include: hitting and smacking, punching and kicking.

Emotional

This is when someone regularly behaves nastily to you. It could be someone you care about, or someone you often have to spend time with eg. when someone puts you down or says you aren't good enough.

Verbal

Abuse characterised by constant verbal harassment and belittlement of young people. e.g. excessive yelling, verbal attacking and teasing.

Sexual

Abuse that results in any act of a sexual nature with a young person, e.g. someone touching you inappropriately, or making you take part in a sexual act.

